

THE FUTURE OF NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION

MAY 2010



Secretary of State Hillary R. Clinton at the NPT Review Conference in New York May 3 (AP image)

Video

ARTICLES AND REPORTS

<u>Secretary of State Hillary R. Clinton's Remarks at the Review Conference of the Non-Proliferation Treaty at the United Nations, New York City, May 3, 2010</u>

Secretary Clinton underscored that "The United States and the great majority of the nations represented here come to this conference with a much larger agenda: to strengthen a global nonproliferation regime that advances the security of all nations, to advance both our rights and our responsibilities."



Fact Sheet: U.S. Opening Statement
Announcments at NPT Review Review
Conference, May 3, 2010

Fact Sheet: Increasing Transparency in the U.S. Nuclear Weapons Stockpile, May 3, 2010

Readout of President Obama's Bilateral

Meeting with Prime Minister Dato' Seri Mohammed Najib Tun Abdul Razak of Malaysia, April 12, 2010

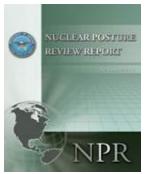
Among other issues in the bilateral meeting, the Prime Minister shared U.S concern about the destabilizing effects caused by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and welcomed U.S. leadership and capacity-building efforts in this area. The President and Prime Minister also agreed to work together to further strengthen the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty and to achieve a successful NPT Review Conference in May 2010.

National Statement of the United States

Nuclear Security Summit. Washington, D.C. 2010. PDF 3 pages. In April 2009, President Obama addressed the citizens of Prague and the world, stating clearly and with conviction America's commitment to seek the peace and security of a world free of nuclear weapons. Recognizing this goal is not immediately achievable, the President laid the groundwork to ensure that through the steady accumulation of progress we move continually along the path toward this critical objective.

The Nuclear Posture Review and the Future of Nuclear Weapons

Thomas Donnelly, et al. The Brookings Institution. March 29, 2010, PDF, 46 pages. The authors discuss the future of nuclear weapons and the concept of the "Global Zero" agenda. The myriad worldwide roles of nuclear weapons and varying strategies regarding their existence are also examined.



Nuclear Posture Review Report

Four experts answer questions about the Obama Administration's nuclear weapons strategy and policy as outlined in this Report (PDF, 72 pages). The strategy addresses what is believed to be the mostly likely threats in the coming decade, ranging from terrorists obtaining nuclear materials for "dirty" bombs to an increase in global nuclear proliferation spawned by additional nuclear-armed states.

ABOLISHING

Special Briefing on Nuclear Posture Review

Transcript of a special briefing by General James Cartwright and other experts at the Council on Foreign Relations, April 8, 2010, 24 pages.

Recommendations for Eliminating Nuclear Threats

William Perry, et al. Carnegie Endowment of International Peace, January 22, 2010, 23 pages.

The authors discuss the main findings of the International Commission on Nuclear Non-Proliferation and Disarmament's report, Eliminating Nuclear Threats – A Practical Agenda for Global Policymakers that outlines practical policy options designed to move to a world free of nuclear weapons.

Abolishing Nuclear Weapons: A Debate

George Perkovich and James M. Acton, eds. Carnegie Endowment of International Peace, February 2009, PDF, 344 pages.

How might security conditions be created that would permit nuclear weapons to be safely prohibited? And how might measures to implement such a prohibition be verified and enforced? A distinguished group of experts from thirteen countries explore how to overcome obstacles to nuclear disarmament, and pose questions that require further official and nongovernmental deliberation.

Key Documents — U.S. Nuclear Policy

America.gov. April 15, 2010

This page contains a list of statements, transcripts, fact sheets and other documents related to U.S. policy on nuclear non-proliferation.

SELECT ORGANIZATIONS

The Carnegie Endowment

The Carnegie Endowment for International Peace is a private, nonprofit organization dedicated to advancing cooperation between nations and promoting active international engagement by the United States. Founded in 1910, its work is nonpartisan and dedicated to achieving practical results.

Council on Foreign Relations

Founded in 1921, the Council on Foreign Relations is an independent, national membership organization and a nonpartisan center for scholars dedicated to producing and disseminating ideas so that individual and corporate members, as well as policymakers, journalists, students, and interested citizens in the United States and other countries, can better understand the world and the foreign policy choices facing the United States and other governments.

International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)

The IAEA was set up within the United Nations family as the world's "Atoms for Peace" organization in 1957 and works with its Member States and multiple partners worldwide to promote safe, secure and peaceful nuclear technologies.

United States Institute for Peace

The United States Institute of Peace is an independent, nonpartisan, national institution established and funded by Congress. Its goals are to help prevent and resolve violent international conflicts, promote post-conflict stability and democratic transformations, and increase peace-building capacity, tools, and intellectual capital worldwide.

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